Names of persons killed are as under:—

(1) Mohan Lal, a Homeguard.

(2) Chaman Lal, a Homeguard.

(3) Ram Lal, a Homeguard.

(4) Ved Prakash, a Homeguard.

(5) Nk. Phola Singh of Army.

(6) S. Harbans Singh, Project Officer, Information Department.

(7) A. K. Abrol, Field Officer, Information Department.

(8) Anchal Singh, Project Officer, Information Department.

(b) On 26-1-1995, during the Republic Day function in the Maulana Azad Memorial Stadium, Jammu, while the Governor was delivering his address, three bomb blasts occurred in quick succession, resulting in the deaths and injuries as above. Payment of ex-gratia relief of Rs. 1 lakh each has been announced by the State Government for those killed and amounts varying between Rs. 500/- to Rs. 5,000/- each to those injured.

(c) Investigation of the case has been entrusted to the C.B.I. and the same is continuing. It is, therefore, not possible to give any details as stated in the question. However, on the basis of preliminary administrative inquiry, four Police officials, including two Superintendents of Police have been placed under suspension and the then District Magistrate and Senior Superintendent of Police, Jammu, have been transferred.

चेचक के उन्मूलन के लिए विशेष योजनायें

*63. **चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह :**
श्री ईश दत्त यादव :

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि चेचक का देश से पूरी तरह से उन्मूलन नहीं हुआ है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार के पास इस बीमारी का देश से उन्मूलन करने हेतु कोई विशेष योजनायें है ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (डा० सी० सिल्वेरा): (क) से (ग) भारत को इंटरनेशनल कमीशन फोर एसेसमेंट आफ स्मालपॉक्स इरेडिकेशन द्वारा अप्रैल, 1977 मे चेचक मुक्त देश घोषित किया गया था । यही स्थिति अभी भी है ।

Migration of AIIMS Graduates

*64. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report published in the 'Pioneer' of January 2, 1995 under the caption, "Over 56 pc AIIMS graduates abroad;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) which are the countries to which these doctors have migrated and what are the reasons for this brain drain;

(d) whether any study has been conducted to estimate the extent of loss of the country because of this brain drain; if so, what are the results of such a study;

(e) what are the details of the efforts made and schemes launched by Government to attract back these doctors and to discourage the doctors from going abroad by providing them better employment opportunities and other facilities in the counrty; and

(f) what are the achievements of each of these schemes ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) to (c) Yes, Sir. A study relating to immigration of AIIMS graduates (1956—1980 batches) was done by the faculty members of AIIMS with the sponsorship of the Deptt. of Science & Technology, New Delhi The brain drain as assessed in the report for the period 1956—80 was found to be an average of 56.2 per cent. Most of the doctors have migrated to USA, Australia, Canada, UK and Gulf countries. The reasons for migration include acquiring of higher qualifications better career opportunities, greater economic gains etc.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) and (f) Better service conditions, higher pay scales, new Assessment Promotion Scheme and Research facilities with better atmosphere are some of the effects made by the Institute to attrach back these doctors and to discourage the doctors from going abroad. The migration has declined considerably and during the last two years (1992-1993) only 13 Faculty Members out of 450 have left the services of the Institute due to resignation/voluntary retirement.

Medical facilities to retired Government employees

*65 SHRI GOVIND RAM MIRI:
SHRI RAGHAVJI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government employees are not entitled to any medical attendance facilities after retirement:

(b) if so, what is its rationale: and

(c) if the reply to part (a) above be in the negative, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) to (c) No, Sir. The retired employees who are residing in CGHS covered areas are entitled to the medical facilities through the said scheme and those who are residing in other cities/towns have also been made eligible to avail of the medical facilities through the Central Government Health Scheme in the nearest city.

Retirement age of Government employees

*66. DR. RANBIR SINGH:
SHRI RAM NATH KOVIND:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the age of retirement in case of Supreme Court Judges, High Court Judges and Class IV employees is 65, 62 and 60, respectively;

(b) whether Government are aware that the age of retirement of Government employees in a small country like Pakistan is also 60 years;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the employees in autonomous bodies and Central Government Undertakings do retire at the age of 60 years; and

(d) if the reply to parts (a), (b) and (c) above be in the affirmative, whether Government propose to raise the age of retirement of remaining Central Government employees to 60 years, in view of longevity of life and change of social customs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SMT. MARGARET ALVA): (a) Under the Constitution, the Judges of the Supreme Court and the High Courts hold office till they attain the age of 65 and 62 respectively. The age of retirement of Group 'D' employees of the Central Government is fixed at 60 years.

(b) Yes, Sir.